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GENDER DIMENSIONS OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN AGRICULTURE AND CLIMATE CHANGE

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GENDER DIMENSIONS OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN AGRICULTURE AND CLIMATE CHANGE

CASE STUDY

DEVELOPMENT OF SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE IN THE PACIFIC (DSAP) PROJECT







DSAP I

Fiji
French
Polynesia
Kiribati
PNG
Samoa
Solomon
Islands
Tonga
Tuvalu
Vanuatu
Wallis &
Futuna



DSAP II

Cook Islands, FSM, Marshall Islands, Nauru, Niue, Palau





Overall Objective

To improve food security and livelihood of target farm families

Project Purpose

Increased sustainable agricultural production





How does DSAP operate?

SPC ← COUNTRIES

National Steering Committee

National Staff – REA, GREA, ECA





THE DSAP PROCESS

Consult with farmers

Collaborate with other units within the ministry

Engage in partnerships with other organisations

Include women and youth in our activities





Results

- •Farmer specific production problems and solutions identified.
- Appropriate technologies developed from on-farm demonstrations.
- •NARES and NGO staff skills upgraded in participatory methods and technical skills
- Appropriate technologies promoted



CLIMATE CHANGE EFFECTS



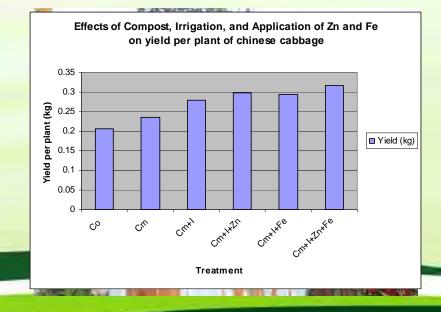
DSAP TECHNOLOGIES





Soi improvement













GENDER REVIEW OF DSAP

- Gender mainstreaming goal
- Gender enabling factors
 - Political will and leadership
 - Appropriate policy framework
 - Structure and mechanism within
 - Human and financial resources
 - Sex-disaggregated data
 - Supporting tools and skills to use them
 - Motivation from civil society and stakeholders
- Gender sensitivity
 - Basic and strategic needs
 - Policy and programme level action
- Pacific Platform for Action (PPA)









GENDER REVIEW FINDINGS (PROJECT)

- DSAP project has developed a solid foundation of gender enabling factors in all 16 project countries
- Gender sensitizing training of staff and partners
- Representation by gender in all DSAP publications
- Strategic selection of project partners
 - Tonga Development Community Trust women projects
 - PNG school partnerships
 - Kiribati and youth projects







GENDER REVIEW FINDINGS (PROJECT OUTCOMES)

- Engendered
 - Atmosphere of hope and direction in rural communities for females and males
 - Remarkable no. of women participating in DSAP project (NSC, PRA, activities, disaggregating data by sex, level of participation)
 - Technologies promoted are those males and females have requested, fit family food needs and resources
 - DSAP teams have succeeded in establishing the sense of mutual trust and confidence
 - Tonga (tapa making), Fiji (separation of male and female activities), PNG (taro farm and a female member of the Trade Mission team visit to Fiji)



ENGENDERED AGRICULTURE PROJECT



THE GENDER SENSITIZED DSAP TEAM!



AWARDED THE SPC GENDER AWARD!



OVERVIEW OF ISSUES

- Lessons learned
 - Usage of participatory/consultative methods
 - Capitalizing on gender roles of community member
 - Technologies developed are gender sensitive
 - Collaborative efforts with relevant sectors
 - Client oriented







OVERVIEW OF ISSUES

- Challenges
 - Takes time and commitment
 - Adherence to cultural norms and values
 - Building trust requires keeping your word
 - Move on with success stories
 - Learn from failures and move on









OVERVIEW OF ISSUES

- Impacts
 - Improve farm households' (female/male headed) livelihood
 - and more.....

Documents:

- 1. Case Studies, Lessons from the field, THE DSAP EXPERIENCE
- 2. A participatory toolkit for sustainable agriculture programmes in the Pacific THE DSAP EXPERIENCE

Download:

http://www.spc.int/lrd/index.php?option=com_docman&Itemid=138







THANK YOU!

